THE LITERARY COMPOSITION OF THE QURAN

Essay on translation and structural analysis of the Quranic text¹

https://reveniraucoran.fr/

¹ Cf. https://reveniraucoran.fr/pour-approfondir/ (PDF - summary sheet of the principles of Rhetoric Semitic which shed light on the structure of the Quranic text)

 $[\]underline{https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rh\%C3\%A9torique_s\%C3\%A9mitique\#:^:text=Lund\%20propose\%207\%20lois\%20sur, antith\%C3\%A9tique\%20y\%20est\%20souvent\%20introduite.$

Table of contents

THE LITERARY COMPOSITION OF THE QURAN	1
Table of contents	
Thanks	
Disclaimer	
Introduction	
Sura 1 - Al-Fâtiha (the opening)	
Sura 2 - Al-Bagara (The Heifer)	10

Thanks

Thank you to all those who from near or far have contributed and continue to increase my knowledge of the Quran, women and men of the past as well as those of our present. Without them this work would not have been possible because on an individual level our contribution is just a drop in the ocean of accumulated knowledge.

Special thanks to Michel Cuypers for having popularized rhetorical analysis and for having applied it, with rigor and excellence, to part of the Qur'an text. The work that we present here is moreover a synthetic extension of his work, hoping to be worthy of it.

And a big thank you to those who gave us their constructive comments!

Finally, and this is the most important, if this work has some interest ALL the merit in fine belongs only to GOD, and is dedicated only to the sublime and sublimating Glory and Grace of God. And if this work has errors or lacks, then it only comes from to the human weakness of its author.

May God have Mercy on us and may we be worthy with regard to our conduct.

Peace be with you.

Suleyman.

Disclaimer

The information in this document reflects the current educated understanding of the Quran by the author of the site https://reveniraucoran.fr/. This understanding may change in the light of new information.

The search for truth is a perpetual quest and in this domain humility is essential.

Our objective is double:

- ✓ To propose a translation of the Qur'an text in its primary meaning, based on a reasoned methodology², which does not claim to close the door to other readings but which seeks to identify the textual original meaning by sticking as much as possible to the text put in its context. In order not to overburden the translation and its structure, footnotes or notes at the end of suras will provide some additional studies or approaches on specific subjects (questions of vocabulary, themes, etc.).
- ✓ To Propose and highlight **the literary composition**³ of the Quran, which turns out to be a powerful exegetical tool in the understanding of the Quran by the Quran itself. It also makes it possible to limit the possible exegetical manipulations during an "atomist" reading of the Qur'an text.
 - For this purpose, the translation had to be organized in such a way that the coherence of the Qur'an discourse "is obvious". Look at the text differently, not through the lenses of our mode of reasoning but in accordance with the logic proposed by the text and the way in which it allows itself to be contemplated.

Finally, this work remains an "**essay**", so therefore show indulgence towards its author who is open for your "constructive" comments to improve both substance and form.

Best regards,

Suleyman.

² i.e. My methodology exposed here: https://reveniraucoran.fr/methodologie/

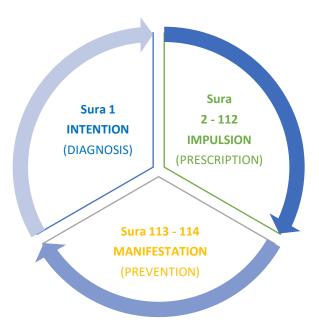
³ The work breakdown structure of the Quran has been made according to the principles of Semitic rhetoric, an introduction to which you will find here: https://reveniraucoran.fr/rhetorique-semitique/

Introduction

The Quran is divided into three main sections of unequal lengths :

- section 1 consisting of sura 1 "Al-Fatiha";
- section 2 made up of 111 suras which go from sura 2 to sura 112;
- section 3 consisting of the last two suras: the 113 and the 114.

This first division of the Quran into 3 sections makes it possible to draw what I call "the life cycle of the itinerant, who is in a recovery and sublimity process, by-and-in the Qur'an path", as shown schematically below:



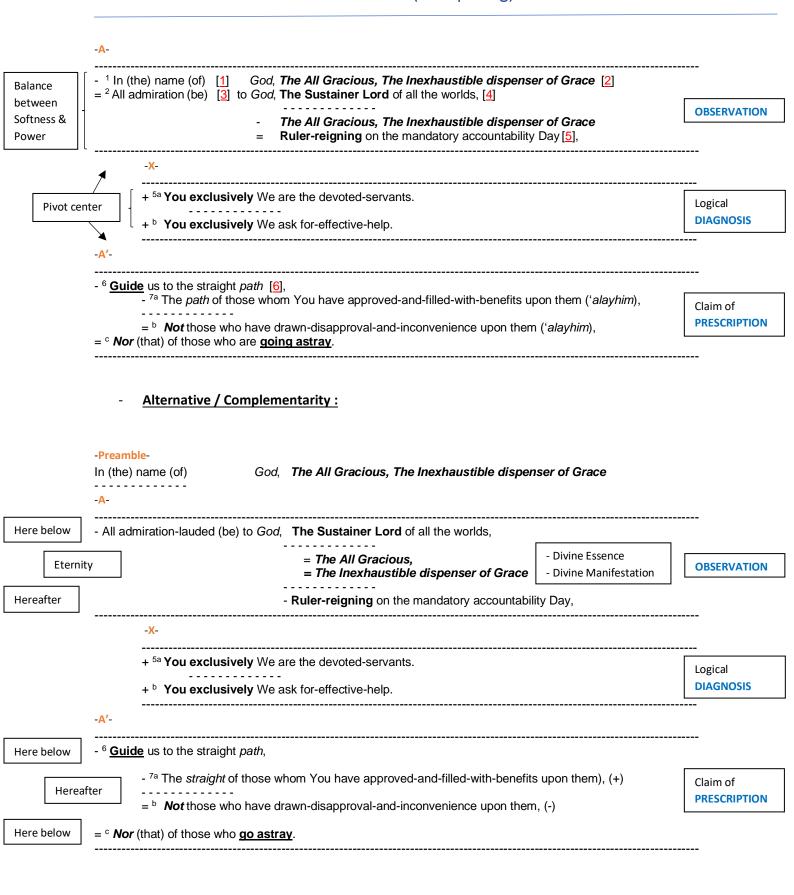
Sections 1 and 3 liturgically frame the main corpus of the Quran made up of 111 suras (the number 1 being the symbol of both the one and the multiple because the other numbers, except the 0, are only multiplications of this same number 1).

Moreover, as we will see as our work progresses, the suras form close and/or distant **pairs** with each other. They insert themselves, like Russian dolls, into larger meaningful wholes.

Thus, sura 2 forms a thematic and structural pair with sura 3, and sura 4 with sura 5 etc....up to suras 113 and 114. And sura 1 forms a pair with sura 114 while being linked to sura 2 which follows it.

All the **elements of the Quran** (from the smallest of two that constitute the letters to the higher formations) are **interdependent** among themselves and **form a coherent and harmonious whole**, like our universe. It is up to us to link them together through our meditation, letting ourselves be guided by the Quran, to savor all its beauty and delicious subtlety.

Sura 1 - Al-Fâtiha (the opening)



Notes

<u>[1]</u>

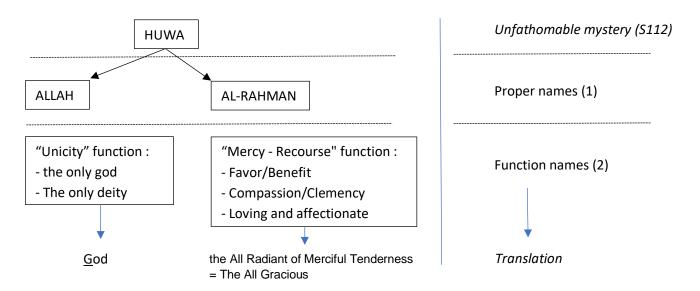
The Basmala:

- (1) The name of God (Al-ilah) is the only existing divine Being from whom we must take for refuge / protection (Cf. sura 112 = God is "one" and he is a "compact rock, without cracks- and-elevated, symbol of a flawless refuge (Symbolic found in the Psalms). But what kind of refuge?
- (2) Ar-Rahman = a refuge of matricial love ...(cf. note 2 below)
- (3) ... which never ceases to provide and surround the Reality with this love-matricial (ar-Rahim). conduite"

[<u>2</u>]

Allah and Ar'Reh'maan are proper names (1) functions (2). Thus two translations are possible:

- (1) In the name of Allah, Ar'Reh'maan the Inexhaustible Merciful Tender.
- (2) In the name of God, the All Radiant of Merciful Tenderness, the Inexhaustible Merciful Tender.



Study of schemes:

- The form of the word Rahma is based on the **fa'lân scheme**, as for the word ghaḍbân in [20:8] which expresses an overflowing anger (to be in fury). This is an *intensive* rendered by the word "All Radiant" when it comes to God.
- For the Ar-Rahim form, it is based on the **fa'îl scheme** which expresses the idea of "He who does not stop doing something in a successful way" (*active participle*), rendered by the term " Inexhaustible".

Remark: only God is "All Radiant of Merciful Tenderness" (unique form dedicated to God alone in the Quran) - [6:54] "... Your Lord has prescribed Grace and Mercy to Himself..." -, then the form of the word Rahim can also qualify other beings than Him.

Study of the epithets associated with the root r-H-m:

- This translation by the word "Grace" is justified by the associated **epithets** (104 times) to the name rahim (109 appearances at all):
 - 66 times with the word Ghafour (Forgiver the one who covers the faults),
 - 9 times with the word Tawab (the One that blots out (faults) by returning to us),
 - 9 times with the word Raouf (Tenderness),
 - 13 times with the word Aziz (Power/noble-honorable),
 - 6 times with the word Rahman,
 - 1 time with the word Wadoud (full of love).

Deep study:

This form of generosity, of help is intimately linked to the bond of Matricial Love that connects him to his creatures:

- Raham designates the womb of the pregnant mother because the baby is fully taken care of, that is to say which relates to the matricial and, by extension, which has an initially nourishing, formative and protective value by pure grace and selflessly.

The term Rahma is thus assimilated to a complete attention and love (care, love, compassion / Mercy, gentleness, facilitation, delicacy etc.).

- The sign-verse [96:2] and the term "Al-`Alag" in relation to this matricial love.

We are born from a uterine bond hanging from our mother's womb, and by extension and symbolism it is this same type of bond that connects us to God. It is up to us not to deprive ourselves of its benefits by cutting the cord.

In conclusion, the image of maternal tenderness is at the root of divine mercy. [Definition of Tenderness by wkipedia: "Tenderness is a form of affection, sensitivity and benevolent consideration towards another without any element of constraint that passion or desire might provoke. »] conduite"

[3]

More precisely: Absolute and unconditional admiration (cause of praise) and praise (consequence of admiration) belong exclusively to God.

The expressions "Lord and Master of the Worlds", "The Merciful Benefactor by essence and excellence" and "Sovereign reigning on the day of retribution" are part of this admiration which in return generates praise, acclaim etc...

conduite"

[4]

Please refers to these verses:

[31:25] If you ask them, "Who created the heavens and the earth (1)?" They will say: "God". Say, "Praise be to God". But most of them do not know.

[31:26] **To God** (2) what is in <u>heaven and earth</u> (1). God is the One who is **self-sufficient** in Himself (3), the Worthy of praise.

[34:1] Praise be to God, the One to whom belongs all things in heaven and all things on earth.

God is not only the creator-maker-designer of "heavens and earth" (1) (all manifested reality), but He is its Lord (2) and cannot be equated with His creation because He is not created (the act of creation implies a dependency of the object of creation on its creator) (3).

This lordship extends over all the dimensions of space (on the vertical (4) and horizontal (5) plane), time and all beings, including men (6):

[26:23] Pharaoh said. "What is the Lord of the worlds?"

[26:24] He said, "The Lord of the heavens and the earth and that which is between them (4), if you could be convinced!"

[26:25] He said to those around him, "Aren't you listening?"

[26:26] He said, "Your Lord, and the Lord of your first ancestors". [26:27] He said, "Your messenger who was sent to you is possessed!" [26:27] He said, "Your messenger who was sent to you is possessed!

[26:28] He says, "The Lord of the East and the West, and that which is between them (5), if you could only reason!"

On the other hand, as we will see elsewhere in the Qur'an, the term ālamīn can refer directly to Man, as a subcategory of all things created by God. conduite"

[5]

i.e. Accountability or Mandatory Deadline. The concept of Oligation is into the heart of this root.

[6]

Al-Sirât - means an open and unobstructed path, whether the traveler continues to swallow it without difficulty (crossing it) or swallows thousands of travelers (idea of number).

Thus, this root is used to mean:

- to swallow something without chewing,
 a long sword that cuts everything it falls on. In other words, she swallows everything she comes across.

It is a clear path already taken, as the Qur'an reminds us in the following pages of the Qur'an of those who have already taken it and won divine favor. It is a safe path, therefore, one that has been proven to be easy to find and safe to take.

This idea of ease and safety will be reinforced by the use of the adjective I-mus'taqīma which evokes the righteousness, the rectitude of a given thing (He/she who possesses this quality).

What could be safer in the desert than a marked and known track, and which is not sinuous but in a straight line, and which thus brings us quickly to our destination. The perfect path par excellence.

Sura 2 - Al-Bagara (The Heifer)

In the name of God, the Merciful Beneficent by essence and by excellence

Introduction

Surah "al-Baqara" is the longest chapter of the Qur'an, and was revealed over a period of over nine years after the Hegira.

Sura "Al-Baqara" consists of 286 verses which are divided into 11 main passages based on central themes (verse numbers in parentheses):

- 1. True faith & not faith (1 19).
- 2. The blessings of God towards men (20 29).
- 3. Story of Adam (30-39).
- 4. Alliance of God with the sons of Israel (40 103).
- 5. Religious controversies (104 123).
- 6. Abraham as a reference (124 158).
- 7. Religious controversies (159 177).
- 8. Qur'an Messenger Alliance (178 242).
- 9. History of the messengers (243 260).
- 10. The blessings of men towards men (261 283).
- 11. True faith (284 286).

Its structure is specular of the concentric type: **ABCDE / X / E'D'C'B'A'**Let's rearrange this list to highlight its structure:

```
A True Faith & Non Faith (1 - 19).

--- B The blessings of God towards men (20 - 29).

--- C Story of Adam (30 - 39).

--- D Alliance of God with the sons of Israel (40 - 103).

--- E Religious controversies (104 - 123).

--- X <u>Abraham</u> as a reference (124 - 158).

--- E' Religious controversies (159 - 177).

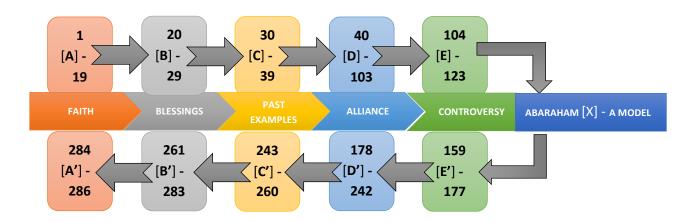
--- D' Alliance of the Qur'an Messenger (178 - 242).

--- C' History of previous messengers (243 - 260).

-- B' The blessings of Men for Men (261 - 283).

A' True Faith (284 - 286).
```

Below is a schematic representation of Sura 2 and its concentric specular construction :



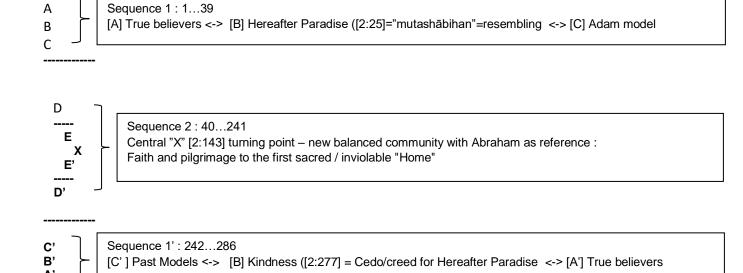
These 11 passages can themselves be grouped into 3 sequences:

- sequence n° 1 consists of passages A-B-C;
- sequence n° 2 consists of D-E-X-E'-D 'passages;
 Sequence n° 3 consists of C'-B'-A 'passages.

The Sequence n° 2 can be broken down into 3 sub-sequences :

- the sub-sequence D
- the E-X-E sub-sequence in the form of concentrism with Abraham as a father figure and reference.
- the sub-sequence D '

Schematically this gives the following breakdown:



[A] - TRUE BELIEVERS vs Deniers [1...19]

A1: True believers vs Deniers

1. The True believers [1]
-A- [2:1] Alif Laam Meem. [2:2] That ⁴ (is) the Holy Writing. [2] No doubt in it, a <u>Guidance</u> for those who are preoccupying to preserve themselves. -B-
Faith-trust [2:3] Those who have faith in the one who is beyond the perceptible ⁵ ,
And initiate the intimate Connection, [3]
And out of what We have provided them they spend widely and generously. -B'- [2:4] Those who have faith in what (is) sent down to you,
Faith-trust and what was sent down from before you,
and in the Hereafter they firmly believe .
[2:5] Those (are) on <u>Guidance</u> from their Sustainer Lord, These are the ones who are the successful ones by their fruitful efforts.
2. The Deniers
[2:6] Indeed, those who deny (it) is the same to them, Whether you warn them or you warn not them, They have no true faith.
[2:7] God has set a seal on their hearts and on their hearing, and on their vision (is) a veil. For them (is) a great Correction.

[4:162] [...] have faith in what came down on you (1) and what came down before you (2). And those who are assiduous in Salât (3), give Zakât (4) and have faith in God (5) and in the Last Day (6), those are the ones We will receive an immense reward.

⁴ That is the REQUIRED PRESCRIPTION in Sura 1

⁵ Traditional translation: *inapparent / invisible / mystery / occult*. It refers to God if one makes an **intertextual** comparison of verses [2:3...4] with the following verse::

[⇔] We find in this verse the 6 fundamental points that are mirrored whith those of verses 2 and 3 of sura 2.

A2: Deniers-Hypocrites

1. Hypocrites description (Faith-belief without the inner state of "Faith-trust/in secure") [2:8] Of the people (are some) who say: "we have faith in God and in The Day After." Only faith-belief But in their hearts and by their involvement they don't have faith. [2:9] They seek to **deceive** God and those who faith. But they deceive nobody except themselves, and they don't realize (it). No faith-trust inside "hidden" [2:10] In their hearts (is) a disease, so that God has let them increased (in) disease; and for them (is) a painful Correction because they used to lie. [2:11] And when it is said to them "(Do) not spread corruption in the Earth," They said, "Only we (are) reformers." Corruption # Meritorious actions [2:12] Beware, indeed they themselves (are) the ones who spread corruption, [and] but they don't realize (it). -C'-[2:13] And when it is said to them: "Have faith as other people had faith" They said: "Should we have faith as the weak-minded they had faith?", Faith-Trust - Humble Beware, certainly they themselves (are) the weak-minded. [and] but they don't realize (it). [2:14] And when they met those who had faith, they said: "We had faith." No faith-trust -But when they were alone with their evil ones, inside "conscious" They said: "Indeed, we (are) with you, only we (are) mockers." [2:15] God **mocks** at them and prolongs them in their transgression, they wander blindly. -A'-[2:16] They (are) the ones who bought [the] astraying in exchange for [the] guidance. only faith-belief So not profited their commerce. And they were not the guided-ones. 2. Allegories to illustrate the hypocrites [2:17] Their example (is) like (the) example (of) the one who kindled a fire, then, when it illuminated what (was) around him To initiate God took away their light and left them in darkness[es], (so) they don't see. [2:18] Deaf, dumb, **blind** so they will not return. [2:19] Or like a rainstorm from the Sky in it (are) darkness[es], and thunders and Lightnings. They put their fingers in their ears from the thunderclaps (in) fear (of) [the] death. And God (is) [the One Who] encompasses the deniers. To endure [2:20] the lightning almost snatches away their sight. Whenever it flashes for them they walk by means of it. And when it darkened on them they stood (still).

And if had willed God He would certainly have taken away their hearing and their sight.

Indeed, God (is) on every thing All-Powerful.

[B] - Divine BLESSINGS towards Men [20...29]

A- God is the Beneficent Creator

[2:21] Ô you people, be **devoted** to your **Sustainer Lord**, the One Who created you and those from before you, so that you may preserve yourselves.

Creation of Men + fathers (past)

[2:22] The One Who made for you the Earth as a floor/flat open and viable space, and the Sky an overarching canopy,

and sent down from the Sky water, then brought forth therewith [of] the fruits (as) provision for you.

Heaven and Earth in the service of Man = DIVINE BLESSINGS

So (do) not set up to God rivals while you, you know.

B- Qur'an revelation as a shield

Form of the Revelation

[2:23] And if you are in doubt about what We have revealed to Our obedient servant, then produce a textual unit like it and call your witnesses from other than God if you are truthful.

and call your witnesses from other than God if you are truthful

What to preserve ? From Fire

[2:24] But if you do not and never you will do, then preserve yoursleves [from] the **fire** whose [its] fuel (is made of) men and stones, prepared for the deniers.

X- The Hereafter as a reward for the far-sighted

[2:25] And give good news (to) those who had faith and did [the] good and well deeds [4].

 $\underline{\text{for them}}$ Gardens, [from] flow under them the $\underline{\text{rivers}}.$

Every time <u>they had been provided</u> therefrom of <u>fruit</u> (as) provision, they said "This (is) the one which we were provided from before And they was given therefrom (things) in resemblance;

Hereafter = positive perspective and success

And <u>for them</u> therein **spouses** purified, and they therein (be) abide indefinitely.

B'- Qur'an revelation as a guidance

[2:26] Indeed, God (is) not ashamed to set forth an example (like) an insignificant small thing and (even) something above it

Then as for those who had faith [thus] they will know that it (is) the truth from their Sustainer Lord And as for those who **denied** [thus] they say: "what (did) intend God by this example?"

He lets go astray by it many and He guides by it many.

And He not lets go astray by it except the **defiantly disobedient**.

[2:27] Those who break (the) Covenant (of) God from after its ratification, and [they] cut what has ordered God to be joined and [they] spread corruption on Earth,

Those, they are the losers.

How to preserve ? By meritorious deeds

Content of the

Revelation

A'- God is the Beneficent Creator

[2:28] How can you deny in *God* While you were **dead** then He gave you *life*?

then He will cause you to die,

then He will give you life,

then to Him you will be returned.

He (is) the One Who **created** for you what (is) on the Earth all.

Then He directed his Will to the heaven and fashioned them (in) seven⁶ heavens.

And He of every thing (is) All-Knowing.

Creation of Men + hereafter (future)

Heaven and Earth in the service of Man = *DIVINE BLESSINGS*

⁶ Number 7 or 70 - This word was often used to imply an 'exaggeration' or an expression of 'multitude', 'several' or 'many', with a sense of plenitude, wholeness.

[C] – PAST: Adam, his offspring, and the graces of God [30... 39] [5]

A- Before the episode of Paradise: INTERNAL positive benefits (knowledge of names and divine breath) - 1st act = Preparation for his mission as representative

-A-

[2:30] And when said your Sustainer Lord to the angels: "Indeed, I am going to place on Earth a manager".

They said [6]: "Will You place in it (one) who will spread corruption in it and will shed [the] blood[s], while we, [we] glorifing you by Your praise and we sanctifing to you?

He said, "Indeed, I, I know what you don't know".

[2:31] And He taught Adam all the names.

Then He displayed them to the angels,

Then He said, "Inform Me of (the) names of these if you are truthful."

[2:32] They said, "Glory be to You! No knowledge is from us except what You have taught us. Indeed You!, You, (are) the All-Knowing, the All-Wise. "

He said: " "Did not i say to you, Indeed, I, [I] know (the) unseen (of) the heavens and the Earth,

[2:33] He said, "O Adam! Inform them of their names."

And when he had informed them of their names.

Adam - inform the names

Adam - received the names

> And I know what you reveal and what you [were] conceal." -A'-

[2:34] And when We said to the angels: "Be lowly [7] to Adam," [so] they became lowly,

Contrary to Iblis. He refused and was arrogant.

He was of the Deniers.

X- Paradise: Ultimate Benefit => the Garden of delights and a place of quietness. 2nd act = Do not take Satan as an ally (first bad experience to remember!)

[2:35] And We said, : "O Adam!, " Dwell with quietness you and your spouse (at) Paradise.

and [you both] eat from it freely (from) wherever you [both] wish.

But do not [you two] approach this [the] tree, lest you [both] be of the wrongdoers."

[2:36] Then Satan [8] removed [both of] them from it (divine order),

and he got [both of] them out from the place and state in which they had been.

- Disobedience of ADAM and his spouse.

Angels

Angels reaction :

reaction:

- Ultimate source of disobediance = Satan

 \mathbf{A}' - After the episode of Paradise: EXTERNAL positive benefits (materials and spirituals). 3rd act = follow our Father Adam who repents in case of faults and follows the divine speech.

-A-

Adam received

communication

from God & GOD absolve

And We said,: "Be downgraded (all of you), some of you to others (as) enemy, and for you in the **Earth** (is) a dwelling place and a provision a determined period."

> [2:37] Then Adam received and accepted meaningful words from his Sustainer Lord, To (his Sustainer Lord) turned towards him.

Indeed He! He (is) the Oft-returning (to mercy), The Inexhaustible dispenser of Grace.

[2:38] We said, "Be downgraded from it all (of you),

And when, comes to you from Me Guidance

then whoever follows My Guidance, [then] no fear (will be) on them and not they will grieve.

[2:39] And those who had deny and to treat Our Signs as falsehood,

Those (are the) companions (of) the Fire; they in it (will) abide indefinitely."

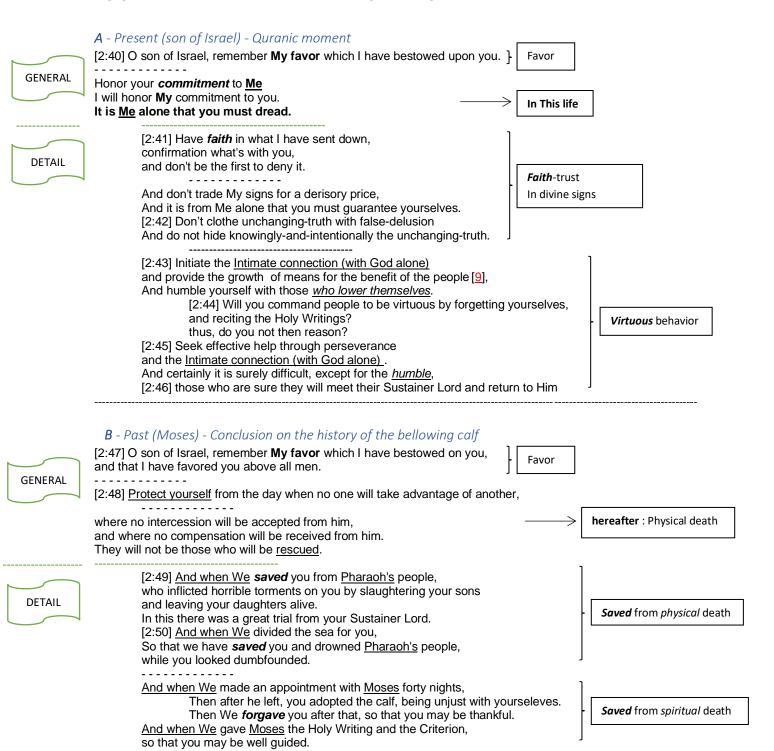
- Temporary Divine Physical Benefit [7:10]

Descendants of Adam

Descendants of Adam

- Divine spiritual benefit

[D] - ALLIANCE with the sons of Israel [40...103]



(a) [2:54] And when said Musa to his people, "O my people! Indeed, you [you] have wronged your souls by your taking the calf. So turn in repentance to your Healer-who-frees-from-faults, and mortified your souls. Common theme for (a)(b): That (is) better for you with your Healer-who-frees-from-faults." Faith in the one who is transcendent (sky and invisible) # calf -> earth and Then He turned towards you. Indeed He! He (is) the-returning, The Inexhaustible dispenser of Grace. [2:55] And when you said, "O Musa! Never (will) we have faith in you until we see God manifestly." So seized you the *thunderbolt* while you (were) looking. [2:56] Then We revived you from after your death, so that you may (be) grateful. (x) Theme (x): [2:57] And We shaded [over] you (with) [the] clouds and We sent down to you Reminder of the two extreme [the] manna and [the] quails, "Eat from (the) good things that We have provided you." themes: - "Eat" And not they wronged Us, - "Faith" but they were (to) themselves doing wrong. (b') [2:58] And when We said, "Enter this town then eat from wherever you wish[ed] abundantly, and enter the gate prostrating. And say, "Repentance, We will forgive for you your sins. And We will increase the good-doers (in reward)." [2:59] But those who were bent on evildoing substituted another saying for that which had been given them; so We sent down upon those who wronged a plague from the sky because they were defiantly disobeving. (a') Common theme for (b')(a'):

Earth food = "fruits" of the earth and water

B' - Past - (Moise) - Introduction with the history of the bellowing calf [A / x / A']

[2:60] And when asked (for) water Musa for his people,

and (do) not act wickedly in the earth spreading corruption."

[so] We said, "Strike with your staff the stone." Then gushed forth from it (of) twelve springs. Indeed knew all (the) people their drinking.

"Eat and drink from (the) provision (of) God,

-**A**-

(a) [2:61] And when you said, "O Musa! Never (will) we endure [on] food (of) one (kind), so pray for us (to) your Sustainer Lord to bring forth for us out of what grows the earth, of its herbs, [and] its cucumbers, [and] its garlic, [and] its lentils, and its onions. He said, "Would you exchange that which [it] (is) inferior for that which [it] (is) better? Go back in shame to Egypt, so indeed for you (is) what you have asked (for). And were struck on them the humiliation and the misery and they drew on themselves wrath of God That (was) because they used to deny (the) miracles (of) God and kill the Prophets without (any) [the] right. That (was) because they disobeyed and they were transgression. (x)[2:62] VERILY, those who have attained to faith [in this divine writ], Theme: as well as those who are Jews, and the Christians, and the Sabians Theme: Theme: Inferior all who had faith in God and the After Day violate Non-exclusive universal and did righteous deeds choice the salvation material = révélation All shall have their reward with their Sustainer; beyond monotheistic earth / and no fear need they have, and neither shall they grieve. celestial [2:63] And when We took your covenant and We raised over you the mount, "Hold what We with strength, and remember what (is) in May you (would become) cautious.' [2:64] Then you turned away from after that. So if not (for the) Grace (of) God upon you and His Mercy, surely you would have been of the (a') [2:65] And indeed, you knew those who transgressed among you in the (matter of) Sabbath. So We said to them, "Be apes, disdained at a respectful distance." [2:66] So We made it a deterrent correction for those (in) front (of) them and their descendants and an admonition⁷ for those who consciously are *cautious*. -A'-[2:67] And when said Musa to his people, "Indeed, God commands you that you slaughter a cow." They said, "Do you take us (in) ridicule." He said, "I seek refuge in God that I be among the ignorant." [2:68] They said, "Ask for us (to) your Sustainer Lord to make clear to us what it (is)." He said, "Indeed, says, "[Indeed] it (is) a cow not old and not young, middle aged between that," so do what you are commanded." [2:69] They said, "Ask for us (to) your Sustainer Lord to make clear to us what (is) its color." He said, "Indeed, He says, '[Indeed] it is a cow yellow, bright (in) its color, pleasing (to) those who see (it)." [2:70] They said, "Ask for us (to) your Sustainer Lord to make clear to us what it (is). for to us all cows resemble one another. And indeed we, if wills God, (will) we shall truly be guided aright! [2:71] He said, "Indeed, says, "[Indeed] it (is) a cow not trained to plough the earth, and not water the field; sound, no blemish in it.' They said, "Now you have come with the truth." So they slaughtered it, and not they were near (to) doing (it). [2:72] And when you killed a soul, then you disputed concerning it, but God (is) the One brought forth what you were concealing. [2:73] So We said, "Strike him with a part of it." 8

> [2:74] Then hardened your hearts from after that so they (became) like [the] stones or stronger (in) hardness. And indeed, from the stones certainly (there are some) whi gush forth from it [the] rivers, and indeed, from certainly (there are some) which split, so comes out from it [the] water, and indeed, from certainly (there are some) which fall down from fear (of) God.

Like this revives God the dead, and shows you His Signs, perhaps you may use your intellect.

And not (is) God unaware of what you do.

-X-

⁷ From the root wāw ʿayn zā (و ع ظ): to warn, to exhort someone by predicting a reward or punishment (admonishment).

⁸ i.e. « Thus, for having revealed what they were hiding, Our Majesty had ordered: "You people, hit him! (The murdered / dead person) using part of his body (of the sacrificed and slaughtered cow)"

1.Generality⁹

(a)

[2:75] Did you expect that they would have faith in what you are **preaching**, when a group of them had heard the words of God then altered them knowingly after having thinking (on it)?

b)

[2:76] And when they came across those who have faith, they said: "We have faith!" And when they are alone with each other they said: "Do you inform them of what God has disclosed to you?

so that they might use it in argument against you, **<u>quoting</u>** the words of your Sustainer. Do you not reasoned?"

(x)

[2:77] Do they not know that God knows what they keep secret and what they make known?

Pivot center with rhetorical question

(b')

[2:78] And among them (are) incultivated ones, (who) do not know the <u>Holy Writing</u> except <u>wishful</u> thinking and not they (do anything) except guess.

(a')

[2:79] So <u>woe</u> to those who <u>write</u> the <u>Holy Writing</u> with their (own) hands then, they say, "This (is) from God," to barter with it (for) a price little. So <u>woe</u> to them for what have written their hands And Woe to them for what they earn.

Alter the Divine saying

Alter the Divine saying -A- Modify the writing

-B- Hide some speechs

- -B'- Oral speculation
- -A'- Additions of writings

2. Detail

-**A**-

(a)

[2:80] And they say, "Never will touch us the Fire except (for) small days numbered."

Say, "Have you taken from God a covenant?

so never will break God His Covenant?

Or (do) you say against God what not you know?"

Lie

And the consequence in the hereafter

[2:81] Yes, whoever earned evil and surrounded him with his sins - [so] those (are the) companions (of) the Fire; they in it (will) abide forever.

[2:82] And those who had faith and did righteous deeds, those (are the) companions (of) the Garden; they in it (will) abide forever.

(b)

[2:83] And when We took (the) **covenant** (from the) Children (of) Israel :

Good Deeds

Restrictions

"Not you will serve except God, and with [the] parents (be) good and (with) relatives and [the] orphans and the needy, and speak to [the] people good, and initiate the intimate connection (with God alone) and provide the growth of means for the benefit of the people.

Then you turned away, except a few of you, and you (were) disobedient.

(b)

[2:84]

And when We took your **covenant**:

"Not will you shed your blood and not (will) evict yourselves from your homes,"

then you ratified while you (were) witnessing.

Then you (are) those (who) kill yourselves and evict a party of you from their homes, you support one another against them in sin and [the] transgression.

And if they come to you (as) captives, you ransom while it (was) forbidden to you their eviction.

⁹ Two themes that will be developed in part II: (1) - (B-B ') they do not believe in the messengers who came after, and (2) - (A-A') they pervert the divine message.

(a)

(a)

Examples from **PAST**

- Musa

Musa

(a')

Exemples from **PAST**

Musa then

/ After

Musa

then after

So do you have faith in some part (of) the Holy Writing and deny others?

Then what (should be the) recompense (for the one) who does that among you, except disgrace in the life (of) the

world; and (on the) Day of [the] Resurrection they will be sent back to (the) most severe correction?

And not (is) God unaware of what you do.

[2:86] Those (are) the ones who bought the life (of) the world for the Hereafter;

so not will be lightened for them the correction and not they will be helped.

Partial denial And the consequence in the hereafter

-B-

(a)

[2:87] And indeed We gave Musa the Holy Writing and We followed up from after him with [the] Messengers. And We gave Isa, (the) son (of) Maryam, [the] clear signs and We supported him (with) the Holy Spirit.

Is it (not) so (that) whenever came to you a Messenger with what (does) not desire yourselves, you acted arrogantly?

So a party you denied, and a party you kill(ed).

[2:88] And they said, "Our hearts (are) locked."

Nay, has cursed them God for their denial so little (is) what they have faith.

(x)

[2:89] And when came to them a Holy Writing from God authenticating what (was) with them, though they used to from before (that), pray for victory over those who denied - then when came to them what they recognized, they deny in it.

(x) Example PRESENT = Muhammad So (the) anathema (of) God (is) on the deniers. [2:90] How Evil (is) that (for) which they have sold with themselves, that they deny in what has

revealed God, grudging that sends down God of His Grace on whom He wills from His servants. So they have drawn (on themselves) wrath upon wrath.

And for the *deniers* (is) a *correction* humiliating.

[2:91] Et quand on leur a dit : "Ayez foi à ce que Dieu a fait descendre".

ils dirent: "Nous avons foi à ce qu'on a fait descendre sur nous".

et ils dénient ce qui est venu après, qui est la vérité authentifiant ce qu'il y avait avec eux.

(a')

Say, "Then why (did) you kill (the) Prophets (of) God from before, if you had faith ?"

[2:92] And indeed came to you Musa with [the] clear signs, then you took the calf from after him and you (were) wrongdoers.

[2:93] And when We took your **covenant** and We raised over you the **mount**, "Hold what We gave you, with firmness and listen."

They said, "We heard and we disobeyed."

And they were made to drink (soeaked) in their hearts (love of) the calf because of their disbelief.

Say, "How Evil (is) that orders you (to do) it with your faith, if you have faith."

[2:94] Say, "If - is for you the home (of) the Hereafter with God exclusively, from excluding the mankind, then wish (for) [the] death, if you are truthful.

[2:95] And never (will) they wish for it, ever, because (of what) sent ahead their hands.

And God (is) All-Knower of the wrongdoers.

[2:96] And surely you will find them (the) most greedy (of) [the] mankind for life, and (greedier) than those who associate[d] partners

One of them would like to be granted a life (of) a thousand year(s).

But not it (will) remove him from the correction that he should be granted life.

And God (is) All-Seer of what they do.

Lie and the consequence in the hereafter

-B'-

(a)

permission (of) God authentificating what (was) before it and a guidance and glad tiding(s) for those who have faith." (a) [2:98] Whoever is an enemy (to) God and His Angels, and His Messengers, and Jibreel, and Meekael, Example then indeed God (is) an opponent to/for the deniers. PRESENT =

[2:99] And indeed We revealed to you Verses clear,

and not deny them except the defiantly disobedient.

[2:100] And is (it not that) whenever they took a covenant, threw it away a party of them?

Nav. most of them (do) not have faith.

(a')

[2:101] And when came to them a Messenger (of) from God authentificating what (was) with them, threw a party of those who were given the Holy Writing (the) Holy Writing (of) God behind their backs as if they (do) not know.

[2:97] Say, "Whoever is an enemy to Jibreel - then indeed he brought it down on your heart by (the)

[2:102] And they followed what recite(d) the devils over (the) kingdom (of) **Sulaiman**.

And not denied Sulaiman but the devils denied,

they teach the people [the] spell and what was sent down to the two angels in Babylon, Harut and Marut. And not they both teach any one unless they [both] say, "Only we (are) a trial, so (do) not lose the faith." But they learn from those what [they] causes separation with it between the man and his spouse.

And not they (could) at all [be those who] harm with it any one except by permission (of) God.

And they learn what harms them and not profits them.

And indeed they knew that whoever buys it, not for him in the Hereafter any share.

And surely how evil (is) what they sold with it themselves, if they were (to) know.

[2:103] And if [that] they (had) believed and made adequate provision for their preservation, if they were (to) know !.

Solomon in particular

Muhammad

(a')

Examples

from PAST /-

[E] - Doctrinal POLEMICS with those who are familiar or ignorant with the Holy Writing [104...123]

A : Favor of God who, through the Quran, corrects, among other things, the erroneous perceptions/writings of other monotheistic traditions (Ex-> the Jews and the "chosen people" which justifies a separate - privileged status)

-A-

[2:104] O you who had faith! "(Do) not say: " Have respect for us" but say: "Pay attention" and listen.

For the deniers (is) a correction painful.

Listen carefully...

-B

[2:105] Those who denied among (the) <u>familiar (of) the Holy Writing</u> and those who associate partners don't like that (there should) be sent down <u>to you any good</u> from your Sustainer Lord.

God chooses for His Mercy whom He wills.

God (is the) Possessor (of) [the] Bounty [the] Great.

- - - - - - - - - - - -

[2:106] What We abrogate (of) a sign or [We] cause it to be forgotten, We bring better than it or similar (to) it. 10

Do not you know that **God over every thing (is) All-Powerful**?

-X

[2:107] Don't you know that, God for Him (is the) Kingdom (of) the heavens and the earth? And for you is not from besides God *any protector and not any helper*.

-B'-

[2:108] Or (do) you wish that you ask your Messenger as was asked <u>Musa</u> from before? And whoever exchanges [the] denial with [the] faith, so certainly he went astray (from) (the) evenness (of) the way.

- - - - - - - - - - - -

Favor of God & Jealousy

Favor of God & Jealousy

[2:109] Wish[ed] Among from (the) <u>familiar (of) the Holy Writing</u> if they could turn you back from after your (having) faith (to) deny, (out of) envy from (of) themselves, (even) from after [what] became clear to them, the truth.

So forgive and overlook until brings God His Order.

Indeed, God on every thing (is) All-Powerful.

-A'-

[2:110] And initiate the Intimate connection (with God alone), and provide the growth of means for the benefit of the people. And whatever you send forth for yourselves of **good** (deeds), you will find it with God. Indeed, **God of what you do (is) All-Seer.**

... and act accordingly

¹⁰ The clear textual context makes obsolete the classic idea of abrogation of verses of the Quran by others verses. In fact, it is a question of **abrogating passages of revelations prior to the Quranic moment by those of the Quran**, so this generates controversy with those familiar with writing (verses 106 & 108 are in symmetry).

B - False belief of Jews and Christians - exclusive salvation based only on one denomination # good creed and behavior to follow

[2:111] And they said, "Never will enter the **Paradise** except who is (a) Jew[s] or (a) Christian[s]." That (is) their wishful thinking.

Say, "Bring your proof if you are [those who are] truthful."

.

[2:112] But, whoever surrender his face to God and he (is) a good-doer, so for him (is) his reward with his Sustainer Lord.

And no fear (will be) on them and they (will) not grieve.

C - False belief of Jewish Christians and the uneducated - Exclusive knowledge based only on a religious denomination

[2:113] The Jews said: "Not the Christians (are) on anything." And the **Christians** said: "Not the Jews (are) on anything."

Although they recite the Holy Writing!.

- - - - - - - - - - - -

Like that said those who (do) not know, similar their saying.

[So] God will judge between them (on the) Day (of) Resurrection in what they were [in it] differing.

X – Controversial issues related to prayer (Role/purpose of places of worship and the absolute importance of physical direction for its validity)

[2:114] And who (is) more unjust than (one) who prevents (the) cult places (of) **God** to be celebrated in them His name, and strives for their ruin?

Those! Not it is for them that they enter them except (like) those in fear.

For them in the world (is) disgrace, and for them in the Hereafter (is) a correction great.

[2:115] And for **God** (is) the sunrise and sunset. So, wherever you turn [so] there (is the) face (of) God.¹¹

Indeed, God (is) All-Encompassing, All-Knowing.

Place

Place

C' - False knowledge - (1) Christian mistaken belief about Jesus, and (2) false hope for those ignorant of the Holy Writing

[2:116] And they said, "God has taken a son."

Glory be to Him! Nay, for Him (is) what (is) in the heavens and the earth.

All to Him (are) humbly obedient.

[2:117] (The) Originator (of) the heavens and the earth!

And when He decrees a matter, [so] only He says to it "Be," and it manifests.

.

[2:118] Those who (do) not know said: "Why God do not speaks to us or comes to us a sign?" Like that said those from before them similar their saying.

Became alike their hearts.

[2:119] Indeed, We have made clear the signs for people (who) firmly believe.

Indeed We! [We] have sent you with the truth, (as) a bearer of good news and (as) a warner. And you will not be **asked** about (the) companions (of) the blazing Fire.

¹¹ In cases we could not determine the precise direction of the qiblah (night, journey...).

B' - False knowledge of Jews and Christians - exclusive knowlege

[2:120] the Jews and [not] the Christians will never be pleased with you until you follow their creed. Say, "Indeed, (the) Guidance (of) God, it (is) the Guidance."

And if you follow their desires after what has come to you of the knowledge, not for you from God **any protector and not any helper**.

.

[2:121] Those We have <u>given them the Holy Writing</u> recite it (as it has the) right (of) its recitation 12. Those (people) have faith in it.

And whoever deny in it, then those, they (are) the losers.

A' - God's favor over the sons of Israel - their election is not coming from being a superior people, but receiving the responsibility of the divine guidance by being an exemples towards other people

[2:122] O Children (of) Israel! Remember My **Favor** which I bestowed upon you and that I [I] preferred you over the men.

[2:123] And preserve yourself of a day not will avail anything a soul (for) (another) soul and they will not be accepted from it any compensation, and they will not benefit it any intercession, and they will not be helped.

Conclusion of passages [D] & [E] with reverse mirror recall of passage [D] -A (verses 2:40... 48)

_

¹² Cf. [2:41...42]

[X] – ABRAHAM (Patriarch of Jewish and Christian monotheistic traditions) as a REFERENCE for the new balanced community [124...158]

A - Abraham and his House as a focal point for bringing people together beyond differences [2:124] And when his Sustainer Lord tried Ibrahim with words and he fulfilled them, Faith is not inherited by He said, "Indeed (am) the One to make you for the mankind a model." blood or culture ... He said, "And from my offspring?" He said, "My Covenant (Does) not reach (to) the wrongdoers." [2:125] And when We made the **House** a place of return for mankind and (a place o) security and (said), "Take [from] (the) standing place (of) Ibrahim, (as) a place of Intimate connection (with God alone) ." devotion to God And We made a covenant with Ibrahim and Ismail [that], " [You both] purify My House for those who visiting it and those who seclude themselve and those who bow down humbly [2:126] And when said Ibrahim, "My Sustainer Lord make this a city secure and provide its people with fruits, Faith is not inherited by (to) whoever those who have faith from in God and the Day the Last," blood or culture ... He said. "And whoever deneid. [then] I will grant him enjoym a little: then I will force him to (the) correction (of) the Fire, and evil (is) the destination!." [2:127] And when (was) raising Ibrahim the foundations of the House and Ismail, : "Our Sustainer Lord! Accept from us. --- (1) [innaka anta] Indeed You! [You] (are) the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing. [2:128] Our Sustainer Lord! [and] Make us both surrender to You. And from our offspring a community surrenderning to You. --- (2) And show us our rites of sacrifice and turn to us. [innaka anta] Indeed You! [You] (are) the Oft-returning, The Inexhaustible dispenser of Grace .

Theme of the House and devotion to God

Theme of the

House and

[2:129] Our Sustainer Lord! [And] raise up in them a Messenger from (who) will recite to them Your verses And will teach them the Wriiting and the wisdom (fair arbitration) and improve (enrich) them. [innaka anta] Indeed You! You (are) the All-Mighty the All-Wise."

--- (3)

¹³ Or more exactly the community of the "fair middle" (cf. verse 2:143).

The root wsT evokes the idea of "middle, center," and in the context of the verse, "Righteous, also far from two extremes; hence the notion of excellence "

B - Abraham and his Creed as a focal point for bringing people together beyond differences

-A-

[2:130] And who will turn away from (the) **creed** (of) **lbrahim** except who fooled himself? And indeed We chose him among the Men,

and indeed he, in, the Hereafter surely (will be) among the justified.

[2:131]

When said to him his Sustainer Lord "Surrender (yourself) entirely,"

he said: "I (have) entirely surrendered to (the) Sustainer Lord (of) Men."

[2:132]

And Ibrahim enjoined (upon) his sons and Yaqub,

"O my sons! Indeed, God has chosen for you the creed,

so not (should) you die except while you (are) entirely surrendered."

Doctrine of Abraham left as an heritage: **Surrender to God**

Doctrine of

legacy:

Abraham left as a

Surrender to God

distinctions between

without making

messengers or

Sustainer Lords

having other

Prophets in Abraham's Footsteps

[2:133] Or were you witnesses when came to **Yaqub** [the] death, when he said to his sons, "What will you serve from after me?"

They said: "We will serve your God and (the) God (of) your forefathers, Ibrahim and Ismail and Ishaq - God One. And we to Him (are) entirely surrendered."

- - - - - - - - - - - - -

Jacob's community achieved

[2:134] This (was) a <u>community</u> (which) has passed away, for it what it earned and for you what you have earned. And not you will be asked about what they used to do.

-A'-

[2:135] And they said, "Be Jews or Christians, (then) you will be guided."

Say: "Nay, (the) **creed** (of) **lbrahim**, (the) the deviant pagan;

and not he was of those who associated partners

[2:136] Say, "We have faith in God and what (is) revealed to us

and what was revealed to Ibrahim and Ismail and Ishaq and Yaqub and the descendants,

and what was given (to) Musa and Isa

and what was given (to) the Prophets from their Sustainer Lord.

Not we make distinction between any of them.

And we to Him (are) entirely surrendered."

[2:137] So if they have faith in (the) like (of) what you had faith in [it], then indeed, they are <u>guided</u>. But if they turn away, then only they (are) in dissension.

So will suffice you against th God,

He (is) the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

[2:138] (The) tint (of) God! And which tint (is) better than that of God?

And we to Him (are) devoted servants.

[2:139] Say, "Do you argue with us about God while He (is) our Sustainer Lord and your Sustainer Lord?

And for us (are) our deeds and for you (are) your deeds

and we to Him (are) sincere devoted. "

-B'-

Prophets in Abraham's Footsteps

[2:140] Or (do) you say that <u>Ibrahim</u> and Ismail and Ishaq and <u>Yaqub</u> and the descendants were <u>Jews or Christians</u>?"

Say, "Are you better knowing or (is) God?"

And who (is) more unjust than (the one) who concealed a testimony (that) he has from God? God is not unaware of what you do.

- - - - - - - - - - - -

Jacob's community achieved

[2:141] This (was) a community (which) has passed away, 14 for it what it earned and for you what you have earned.

And not you will be asked about what they used to do.

¹⁴ The witness has passed - A new balanced community may emerge ([2:143]), whose reference is Patriarch Ibrahim. This change is crystallizing especially with the change of Qibla [X-A'].

A' – Abraham's wishes satisfied - his House as a Qibla (for prayer and pilgrimage) = 2nd house

[2:142] The foolish ones among the people will say:

What (has) turned them from their convergence point which they were used to [on it]."

Say, "For God (is) the sunrise and sunset.

He guides whom He wills to a path straight and ascending."

[2:143] And thus We made you a balanced community so that you will be witnesses over the mankind. and will be the Messenger on you a witness. et que le messager soit témoin envers vous.

And We not made the convergence point which you were used [on it] except that We make evident (he) who follows the Messenger from (he) who turns back on his heels.

And indeed, it was certainly difficult except for those whom guided (by) God.

And not will God let go waste your faith.

Indeed, God (is) to [the] mankind Full of Kindness, dispenser of Grace.

Which Qibla for Salah? Link to Abraham ([X] -A)

Which Qibla for Pilgrimage and

Salah? Link to

Abraham ([X] -A)

[2:144] Indeed, We see (the) turning (of) your face in the sky.

So We will surely turn you (to the) convergence point that suits and pleased you.

So turn¹⁵ your face towards the direction (of) the *inviolable cult place*.

and wherever that you are [so] turn your faces (in) its direction.



And indeed, those who were given the Holy Writing surely know that it (is) the truth from their Sustainer Lord. And God is not unaware of what they do.

[2:145] And even if you come (to) those who were given the Holy Writing with all (the) signs,

they would not follow your) convergence point,

and you will not be a follower (of) their convergence point

And some of them (are) not followers (of the) convergence point (of each) other.

And if you followed their desires from after [what] came to you of the knowledge,

indeed, you (would) then (be) surely among the wrongdoers.

[2:146] (To) those whom We gave [them] the Holy Writing, they recognize it like they recognize their sons. And indeed, a group of them surely they conceal the Truth while they know.

[2:147] The Truth (is) from your Sustainer Lord, so (do) not be among the doubters.

[2:148] And for everyone (is) a direction - he turns towards it,

so race (to) the good.

Wherever that you will be will bring you (by) God together.

Indeed, God (is) on every thing All-Powerful.

[2:149] And from wherever you start forth, [so] turn your face (in the) direction (of) the inviolable Cult place. And indeed, it (is) surely the truth from your Sustainer Lord.

And Godis not unaware of what you do.

[2:150] And from wherever you start forth [so] turn your face (in the) direction (of) the inviolable Cult

And wherever that you (all) are [so] turn your faces (in) its direction.

So that people will not have against you any argument except those who wronged among them.

So (do) not fear them, but fear Me.

And that I complete My favor upon you [and] so that you may (be) guided.

Choice of a Qibla for the new balanced community for testing the faith of the followers of the messenger, even if the direction is not so important.

Choice of a

Qibla for the

new balanced

different from

communities of Holv

Scripture,

even if the direction is

important.

not so

community,

others

¹⁵ In Arabic: "shaṭra". The basic idea of the root is to divide a thing into two equal parts, from there to be divided on two sides (said of the sight when one eye looks from one side and the other from the other) or to milk a female with only two teats, leaving the other two intact (finally to milk only half of the milk ..).

So, by using the word "shatra" (which only appears 5 times and all in passage [X] -B'), God wants to reinforce the idea that the Cult place Al-Haram is THE direction of our spiritual life, even if it differs from our ordinary place of residence. In short, we must share equally our life between our worldly place of life and the place where Ibrahim stood to honor the unique God (at the time of prayer or for the pilgrimage).

B' – Abraham's wish satisfied - his Creed is being applied by the followers of the Qur'an messenger (balanced community in 2:143)

-A-

[2:151] As We sent among you a **Messenger** from you (who) recites to you Our verses and improve (enrich) you and teaches you the Holy Writing and the wisdom and teaches you *what you were not knowing.*¹⁶

Spiritual life - *static*: Salat is sublimating because it improves us through the correct knowledge that it brings.

Worldly life -Normal time Stay connected and Truthful to God

Worldly Life -

Staying Connected

and Truthful to

Trials time:

God

[2:152] So **remember** <u>Me</u>,
I will remember you
and be *grateful* to <u>Me</u>
and (do) not (be) ungrateful to Me.

-X-

[2:153] O you who have faith! Seek help through ${\bf perseverance}$ (resilience) and the ${\bf Intimate}$ connection (with ${\bf God}$ alone) .

Central theme of rescue which is deployed along two axes:

- Perseverance / endurance in B&B
- Connection-of-Grace in A&A '

-B'-

Indeed, God (is) with the $\underline{\text{\bf perseverants}}$ ones.

[2:154] And (do) not say for (the ones) who are slain in (the) way (of) God "(They are) dead

Nay, (they are) alive [and] but you (do) not perceive.

[2:155] And surely We will test you with something of [the] fear and [the] hunger

and loss of [the] wealth and [the] lives and [the] fruits.

- - - - - - - - - - - -

But give good news (to) the perseverants ones.

[2:156] Those who, when strikes them a misfortune, they say:

"Indeed, we belong to God and indeed towards Him we will return."

[2:157] Those on them (are) blessings from their Sustainer Lord and Mercy.

Those [they] (are) the guided ones.

-A'-

[2:158] Indeed, Safa and Marwa (are) from (the) symbols (of) God.

So whoever performs the pilgrimage at the House or performs the pious visit,

so no blame on him that he walks between [both of] them.

And whoever voluntarily does good,

then indeed, God (is) All-grateful, All-Knowing.

Spiritual life - movement (Pilgrim and walking between 2 rocks to ask God for Mercy)

¹⁶ The verse [2:151] which begins this passage follows on from the end of passage [X] -A where Abraham's wish is granted in the person of the messenger Muhammad. The reference to Abraham frames this passage with the allusion to the pilgrimage made to the House built by him according to God's instructions.

[E'] - Doctrinal POLEMICS with those familiar with the Holy Writing and associators [2:159...177]

A - "Faith" in Scripture: two opposing attitudes after the clear exposition of the Qur'an guidance

[2:159] Indeed, those who conceal what We revealed of the clear proofs, and the Guidance, from after [what] We made clear to the people in the Holy Writing -These are those whom God condemns and who are condemned by the reprobers.

Condemnable attitude

[2:160] Except those who repent[ed] and reform[ed] and openly declar[ed] the truth. Then those. I will accept repentance from them.

Truthful attitude: repentant

and I (am) the Acceptor of Repentance, The Inexhaustible dispenser of Grace.

B - Polytheists: No faith in one God despite evidence (Quran AND the call of creation double ingratitude)

The call of the quran rejected

The call of the

signs of divine

creation rejected

[2:161] Indeed, those who denied[d] and die[d] while they (were) deniers, those, on them (is the) condemnation (of) God, and the Angels, and the mankind, all together. [2:162] They will abide indefinitely in it.

they will not be lightened for them the correction and they will not be reprieved.

[2:163] Your god (is) God one (only);

(there is) no god except Him,

The All Gracious, The Inexhaustible dispenser of Grace.

manifests itself externally (being in the image of this love-matricial)

Faith in God internally (faithful) which

[2:164] Indeed, in (the) creation (of) the heavens and the earth, and alternation of the night and the day,

and the ships which sail in the sea with what benefits [the] people,

and what (has) sent down God from the sky [of] water, giving life thereby (to) the earth after its death, and dispersing therein [of] every moving creature,

and directing (of) the winds

and the clouds [the] controlled and subjected between the sky and the earth,

surely (are) Signs-proofs for a people who use their intellect.

C - Beneficent God - Only recourse

[2:165] Among people they are somes who takes from besides God equals. They love them as (they should) love God.

And those who have faith (are) stronger (in) love for God.

And if would see those who wronged, when they will see the correction They will see that the power (belongs) to God all and [that] God (is) severe (in) [the] correction.

God incapable (self-sufficient)

God incapable

(resurrection of the dead)

X - Theme of the Hereafter and fair retribution to stubborn traitors

[2:166] When will disown those who were followed [from] those who followed, and they will see the **correction**, [and] will be cut off for them the relations.. [2:167] Those who followed said:

The end of the mirage because they will have no help apart from

(Only) if [that] for us a return, then we will disown [from] them as they disown us." Thus God will show them their deeds (as) regrets for them. And they will not come out from the Fire.

C' - Beneficent God - Good and Sure advisor

[2:168] O people! Eat of what (is) in the earth lawful (and) good advisor. And (do) not follow (the) footsteps (of) the Shaitaan.

Indeed, he (is) to you an enemy clear.

[2:169] Only he orders you to (do) the evil and the shameful and that you say about God what you don't know.

[2:170] And when it is said to them, "Follow what God has revealed," they said, "Nay we follow what we found [on it] our forefathers (following)". Even though [were] their forefathers (did) not understand anything, and not were they guided?

Bad conduct with the wrong advisor

Ancestors are not sure advisors

${\it B'}$ - Polytheists : No faith in one God despite evidence (Quran AND the call of creation - double ingratitude)

Obtuse on call

[2:171] And (the) example (of) those who denied (is) like (the) example to the beast that hears the cry of the shepherd's **reminder** nothing but cries and clamors.

Deaf dumb, (and) blind, [so] they (do) not understand. [Cf. 2:171]

A' - "Faith" in Scripture : two opposing attitudes after the clear exposition of the Qur'an guidance

[2:172] O you who have faith! <u>Eat from (the) good</u> (of) what We have provided you and be <u>grateful</u> to God if you alone serve Him.

[2:173] Only He has forbidden to you the dead animals, and [the] blood, and flesh, (of) swine, and what has been dedicated [with it] to other than God. So whoever (is) *forced by necessity* without (being) disobedient and not transgressor, then no sin on him.

Indeed, God (is) Oft-Forgiving, dispenser of Grace.

- - - - - - - - - - - - -

[2:174] Indeed, those who conceal what (has) revealed God (has) of the Holy Writing, and they purchase there with a paltry gain little.

Those, not they eat in their bellies except the Fire.

And not will speak to them God (on the) Day (of) [the] Resurrection and not will He purify them.

and for them (is) a correction painful.

[2:175] Those (are) they who purchase[d] [the] astraying for [the] Guidance,

and [the] correction for [the] forgiveness.

So they will have to endure hell!

[2:176] That (is) because God revealed the Book with [the] Truth.

And indeed, those who differed in the Holy Writing (are) surely in schism far.

Conclusion 17

[2:177] Virtue¹⁸ is not about that you turn your faces towards the sunrise and sunset. [10]

But the virtous are the ones who have faith in God and The Day After, and the Angels, and the Holy Writing, and the Prophets,

And who give of their goods for the purpose of obtaining the approval and appreciation of God the Exalted: the near relatives, and the orphans, and the needy, and (of) the wayfarer, and the beggars, and in freeing the necks (slaves).

And those who initiate and maintain the Intimate connection (with God alone), and provide the growth of means for the benefit of the people.

Those who fulfill their covenant when they make it;

and those who are perseverant in [the] suffering and [the] hardship, and (the) time (of) [the] stress.

- - - - - - - - - - - -

Those (are) the truthful ones

And those are the ones who are preoccupied to preserve themselves (salvation).

Double ingratitude, no forgiveness

¹⁷ Conclusion of the controversial passage[E] - [E'] with a focus on the focal point. (Qibla)

¹⁸ Pure <u>virtue</u> beyond dogmatic differences or the particularity of rites (which are only means of achieving virtue and in fine salvation): (1) Pure faith, and (2) Meritorious acts, detailed here.

[D'] – New ALLIANCE with the Quranic messenger [2:178...242]

A - Privacy: individual - physical death

Out

Out

1. Non-natural death: Prescription and Outside the Law -Δ-[2:178] O you who had faith! Prescribed for you (is) the equitable retaliation in the case of murdered : Fair Prescription the freeman for the freeman, the slave for the slave, the female for the female¹⁹. Ma But whoever is pardoned [for it] from his brother anything, then follows up with suitable [and] Concession + payment to him with kindness. That is a concession from your Lord and mercy. Transgression -Then whoever transgresses after that, then for him is a painful correction. -Δ'-[2:179] For you in the equitable retaliation is life, O men (of) understanding! So that you may protect yourself²⁰. Fair Prescription 2. Natural death: Prescription and Outside the Law [2:180] Prescribed for you when approaches any of you [the] death, if he leaves good (making) the will for the Fair Prescription parents and the near relatives with due fairness a duty. A duty for those who are preoccupying to preserve themselves. [2:181] Then whoever changes it after what he (has) heard [it], so only its fault (would be) on those who Transgression alter it. Indeed, God (is) All-Hearing, All-Knowing. God witness But whoever fears from (the) testator (any) error or iniquity, then reconciles between them, then (there is) Concession + no fault on him. -B'-Indeed, God (is) Oft-Forgiving, All-Merciful. God mercy

(O ye who believe! Retaliation is prescribed for you in the matter of the murdered...) [2:178]. Said al-Sha'bi: "Fighting took place between two Arab tribes. One tribe had more power than the other and, therefore, they said: 'For every slave of ours that you kill, we will kill a free man of yours, and for every woman of ours a man of yours'. And then this verse was revealed".

 $^{^{19}}$ We are in the strict framework of tribal wars - Here is the context of revelation :

²⁰ General case.

- B Exteriority: Community practice temporary deprivation of food, water and sex
- 1. **Generality** on fasting as a common practice to those familiar with Holy Scripture (**continuity**)

Prescription of the fasting continuously

[2:183] O you who had faith! Is prescribed for you [the] repairer fasting [11] as was prescribed to those from before you, So that you may preserve yourself.

[2:184] Days numbered and determined [12].

Fasting discontinious

No fasting in the

strict sense

But whoever is among you sick or in distancing, then a <u>prescribed number</u> of other days.

_____``------

And on those who can afford it although unwillingly²¹, a <u>redemption</u> (of) feeding a poor. And whoever volunteers good more then it (is) *better* for him.

Fasting incentive

Good -> feeding (a) poor(s)

And doing a **repairer fasting** is better for you, if you know!.

2. **Specificity** on the fasting practiced by the "median" community of Muhammed (**specific**) - Those who want and can practice it (the case of non-practitioners has been treated above "can" and "redemption")

2.1 The question about **time** (duration and moment) <u>and</u> the **spiritual aspect** linked to fasting

Prescription of the fasting continuously

2.1 The question about time (addition and moment) and the spiritual aspect mixed to ju

[2:185] Lunar Month (of) Ramadhaan [13] is that was revealed therein the Quran, Guidance for mankind and clear proofs of [the] Guidance

and the *Criterion*

So whoever among you22 has been present this *lunar month* will fast during it.

Fasting discontinious

and whoever is sick or on a journey then $\underline{\text{prescribed } \textit{number}}$ from other days.

Intends God for you [the] ease and not intends for you [the] hardship,

so that you complete the prescribed *number*,

.

and that you magnify God for [what] He guided you

Good -> Gratitude to God

No fasting in the strict sense

for the purpose of you may (be) grateful.

[2:186] And when ask you My servants about Me, then indeed I am near. I welcome (to the) invocation (of) the supplicant when he calls Me. So let them *welcome* Me and let them true believe in Me, for the purpose of they may (be) *led aright*.

Encouragement to respond to the *call of the Quran*

2.2 The question of Intercourse and daily moment of the fasting

[2:187] Permitted for you the *night* of the **repairer fasting** the *physical approach* to your wives.

They (are) garments for you and you (are) garments for them.

Knows God that you used to deceive yourselves,

so He turned towards you and He forgave [on] you.

So now have *rejoicing* with them

Permission of intercourse some part of the night

Cooks

Seek what has **prescribed** God for you.

Start at nautical dawn -> dusk

Eat and drink until becomes distinct to you the thread [the] white from the thread [the] black of [the] dawn.

Then practice without interruption the <u>fast</u> till entering the night.

And (do) not have relations with them while you (are) fixed in the cult places.

These (are the) limits (set by) God, so (do) not approach them.

Thus makes clear God His verses for [the] people so that they do their best to <u>preserve</u> themselves²³

Non-permission of intercourse in case of spiritual retreat

²¹ The task is not impossible to do but it turns out to be difficult- disliked, awkward or uncomfortable as if someone had put a necklace around your neck.

²² It concerns people from the specific Quranic messenger community AND who want and can practice fasting.

²³ Fasting is a limited physical abstinence which ultimately aims to repair our soul and to be hungry and thirsty for God, for his Mercy and for his Guidance.

-a- Excess

[2:188] And (do) not consume your properties among yourselves **wrongfully** and present [with] it to the authorities so that you may eat a portion from (the) wealth (of) the people **sinfully** while you know.

[2:189] They ask you about the new moons.

Say, "They (are) indicators of periods for the people, and (for) the Haji."

- - - - - - - - - - - -

Piety does not consist that you come (to) the houses/tents from their backs, [and] but [the] truly pious (is one) who protects himself.

And come (to) the houses/tents from their doors.

And beware of God so that you may (be) successful.

-b- Fight

[2:190] Fight in God's path against those who fight you,

but do not be aggressors,

for God does not love aggressors. [14]

[2:191] [If they start a fight] kill them wherever you find them,

and expel them from wherever they expelled you.

For oppression is worse than murder.

Do not fight them at the Holy Sanctuary²⁴ unless they fight you in it.

If they fight you, kill them.

That is the reward of the deniers.

[2:192] If they stop, God is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

- - - - - - - - - - - -

[2:193] Fight them until there is no more persecution

and until the code of conduct is devoted only to God.

If they stop, there should be no aggression except toward the unjust.

.

[2:194] **Fight** back during the sacred lunar month:

violation of sanctity [calls for] just retribution.

Whoever attacks you, attack them as you were attacked.

Beware of God, and know that God is with those who are protecting themself.

-c- Spend

[2:195] **Spend** in charity in the path of God, and do not contribute to your own destruction, but do **good**. God loves the good-doers.

²⁴ Sacred or **inviolable** / **respectful** - the word haram designates a forbidden or sacred thing to be respected in the sense that it aims to safeguard peace, to allow the maintenance of life. Words derived from the root Hrm revolve around the concept of life.

⁻ This is the case with the 4 sacred or inviolable lunar months which are lunar months where combat / aggression / raiding was prohibited and respected by all the tribes of Arabia.

⁻ The same goes for "the sacred place of cult" which represents the sanctuary which surrounds the kaaba and where any manifestation of violence was banned. (equivalent to the Greek word "temenos").

-x- PEACE and warning to transgressors [2:196...214].

1. Haji

--- 1.1 Relationship to Men: Charity through Offering

[2:196] Fulfill²⁵ Hajj and Umra fully for God.

However, if on arrival you were prevented26, then what made it easy for you as mammals destined for sacrifice.

And you should not shave your heads until the mammal destined for sacrifice has reached its place of sacrifice.

However, if any one of you has been ill or has had a **head** injury that required or does not permit shaving, then compensation of his choice is due to him: a fast or an alms or a sacrifice. (1)

Thereafter, if you have a security clearance, then whoever took advantage²⁷ of the 'Umra and is going to perform the Hajj, then what has made it easy for you as a mammal destined for sacrifice. However, whoever fails to comply with this injunction, then a fast of three days must be observed during the Hajj and then seven once back, for a final total of ten days.

This is for those whose family is not resident in the sanctified Place of Worship. (2) **Fear God piously**, and know that God is exigent about compensation.

--- 1.2 Relationship to Men: Doing of Good

[2:197] the Hajj takes place in well-known months.²⁸

So, anyone who commits to Hajj in these months,

No indecency, debauchery and quarrels during the Haji 29 What you do of **good**, God knows.

Make sure you have the necessary provisions for the trip. but the best travel provision is vigilant piety.

Fear Me piously, O skilful of intelligence.

Doing of Good

Offering

Transition between the 2 parts:

- 1) Hajj and desired paucity

Cases of obstruction:

Exalted

(1) to complete the Hajj and the

(2) to perform all the protocols in

fear and reverence of Allah the

- 2) Hajj and desired abundance

--- 2.1 Relationship to God: <u>During</u> Hajj rituals

[2:198] No fault will be imputed to you in seeking any grace from your Lord. 30

Then (fa) when you shed from `Arafât,

Remember God at the sacred landmark.

And remember Him for guiding you, whereas before you were of those who went astray.

[2:199] Then (thumma) spread out in the way people spread out, and ask God for forgiveness.

Surely, God is Fault Recoverer, Benevolent.

²⁵ The Arabic word "atimmū" expresses the accomplishment, the completeness of something without interruption in time and/or

²⁶ Cf. [48:25] "They are the ones who have denied and diverted you from the sanctified place of worship, and prevented the offering from reaching its destination...", a verse alluding to the pilgrimage of the year 6 H.

ر (Tamattu', تَمَثُّع, enjoyment; possession)

²⁸ It is the last three months of the lunar year. Ibn Jarir said: "It is common practice to call two months and part of the third month "months". This is similar to the Arabic saying: "I have visited such and such a person this year or this day". In fact, He only visited him for part of the year or part of the day...

²⁹ Establish a climate of PEACE!

³⁰ To do business...but in congregation in Mina and Arafat, not afterwards.

--- 2.2 Relationship to God: after HAJJ rites (on the spot and beyond)

[2:200] And when you have completed your rites and ceremonies, Remember God as you remember your ancestors,

or a *larger* reminder -B-

Invocation

Invocation

Among the people some say: "Our Lord, give us here below", and for them there will be no share in the Hereafter.

[2:201] And among those who say, "Our Lord, give us good in this world and good in the Hereafter, and protect us from the correction of the Fire. [2:202] They are the people; the allotment of reward for that which they had earned is secure for them31.

Allah is swift in calling to account.

[2:203] Remember God for days that are numbered.

And he who hastens in two days commits no fault,

and he who lingers longer does not commit faults as long as he shows vigilant piety.

Fear God piously, and know that it is to Him that you will be gathered.

Rappelez-vous Dieu durant des jours comptés. . .

[2:204] Among the people in this life there is the one whose word impresses you, and who takes God as a witness of what is in his heart, even though he is the most stubborn of opponents.

[2:205] And when he turned away, he applied himself with effort to sowing corruption on earth and destroying cultivated land and offspring.

God does not love corruption.

[2:206] And when it was said to him. "Fear God piously.

his pride led him to make faults.

So hell will be appropriate for him, and surely it is a bad place to rest!

Vigilant piety

Vigilant piety

[2:207] Among people there is the one who sells his person in search of God's satisfaction. 32

God is very gentle and kind to the devoted servants.

1-2. Islam = Enter into Peace by following in the footsteps of God!

Pivot Center

Conclusion of the first part:

- Haii symbol of peace in a month of peace, and turned towards God #

Introduction to Part Two:

Warning not to deviate as for example the sons of Israel before them

[2:208] O you who have had faith, enter into peace in full.

and do not follow into the footsteps of the devil, for he is your declared opponent!

[2:209] Then, if you stumble, after the proofs have come to you, then know that God is All-Almighty, infinitely Wise.

³¹ Since their actions will not be in vain.

³² In this root, there is also the idea of "overpowering someone by making oneself more pleasing to another, supplanting someone in someone else's good graces. "and is not without recalling verses [2:148] and [5:48] when it says: "[...] Seek to be ahead of yourself and first in works of good [...]".

2. Warnings

Future: Hereafter

[2:210] Are they waiting and examining for no reason except that God <u>came</u> to them in the shadow of the clouds, and the angels, and that the matter has been decreed? To God returns all **affairs**.

-B-

-A-

Past: specific example

Past: general law

Future: here below

[2:211] Ask the **sons of Israel** about how many **convincing signs** We have brought to them.

And whoever alters the blessing of God after it has come to him,

then God, for certain, is rigorous in retribution.

Here below

[2:212] It has been beautified for those who have denied **the life of this world** on earth, and they mock those who have had faith.

But those who have shown vigilant piety will be above them on the **Day of Resurrection**.

And God grants worldly sustenance for those who consent.

-B'-

Hereafter

[2:213] The **people** formed a unique community.

And God sent **prophets** as heralds and warners.

Through them He sent down the Scripture, the bearer of the $\underline{\text{truth}}$, to arbitrate between the people on what they $\underline{\text{differed}}$ on.

And it was the very ones to whom it was given who disagreed with it, after the **evidence** had come to them, by rivalry among themselves.

But God guided the believers about what they <u>differed</u> regarding to the <u>truth</u>, with His permission.

God guides who consent on the right path.

-A'-

[2:214] Or have you thought of entering the <u>Garden</u> without going through similar trials to those of your predecessors?

They were touched by adversity and trials,

And they were so shaken that the messenger, and those who believed with him, <u>said</u>, "When will God's help come?"

Without a doubt, for certain, God's help is near.

-c'- Spend

[2:215] They ask you what they (should) spend in charity.

Say, "Whatever you spend of good, (is) for parents, and the relatives, and the orphans, and the needy, and (of) the wayfarer.

And whatever you do of good, indeed, God of it (is) All-Aware.

-b'- Fight

[2:216] **Fighting** is ordained for you, even though it repulses you.

You may hate something that is good for you,

or love something that is evil for you.

God knows, but you do not

[2:217] They ask you about fighting during the sacred lunar month.

<u>Say</u>, "**Fighting** in it is a grave transgression. But turning people away from the path of God, denying Him, preventing access to the Sacred Sanctuary,

and expelling its residents is a bigger offense to God because sedition is a bigger offense than murder. They will not stop **fighting** you as long as there is the possibility of turning you away from your faith.

But if any of you denies the faith and dies in a state of unbelief,

their deeds will come to nothing in this world and the Hereafter.

They will be in Hell, where they will remain forever.

[2:218] Indeed, those who had faith and those who emigrated and strove in (the) way (of) God – those, they hope (for) Mercy (of) God.

And God (is) Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

-a-' Excess

[2:219] They ask you about the wine and the game of chance for stakes.

Say, "In both of them (is) a great prejudice, and (some) benefits for [the] people.

But *prejudice* of both of them (is) greater than (the) benefit of (the) two.'

And they ask you what they (should) spend in charity.

Say, "The excess."

Thus God makes clear to you [the] Verses so that you may ponder [2:22] Concerning this world and the Hereafter.

They ask you about fater-orphans33.

Say: "To act for them with probity and to *improve* their initial condition is better.

And if you share their lives, [remember that] they are your brothers".

for **God** distinguishes between him who **spoils** things and him who improves³⁴.

And if **God** had willed, surely He could have put you in difficulties.35

God is indeed All-Almighty-and-Protector, All-Wise.

Logical transition with part A' dedicated to the family

-

³³ "Raids, vendettas and other violence mowed down men and the market value of women and children made them prey and victims, this Bedouin way of life caused great instability in Arabia at the time. As a result, "father-orphans" were legion and clan or extended family solidarity was at full play, but in this world of survival, the guardian also preserved his personal interests before those of the orphan and did not hesitate to squander the orphan's property when he owned it and was a "juvenile", i.e., as a male heir. "(A wise extract from Dr. Al Ajamî in the analysis of verse 2:220).

³⁴ This does not mean that it is totally forbidden to use the assets of the dependent orphan, but that this should only take place in his or her interest.

^{35 &}quot; by putting you under an obligation to care for the orphans, and at the same time prohibiting you from sharing their life ". (see verses [4:2-3] et [4:10].)

1. Marital (A-A') and carnal (B-B') union under the sign of the purity (A-B) and sacredness (B'-A') of the bond.

[2:221] Don't marry a polytheistic women until they truly believe.

And certainly, a bondwoman who is truly **believing** is better than a **polytheist** woman, even if she *pleases* you.

And don't give your wives in marriage to polytheists until they truly believe.

And surely, a bondman who is truly **believing** is better than a **polytheist**, even if he *pleases* you.

These call to the Fire,

and God calls to the Heavenly Garden and to forgiveness with His permission.

He clarifies His signs to people, so that they may remember and take heed.

Marital carnal union authorized except in two circumstances:

- 1. during the Menstrual Period and before being cleansed
- 2. the Anal Penetration

[2:222] They ask you about menstruation.

Say, "It's a stain

So keep away from women during the menstrual period,

and do not approach them until they are purify.

Then, when they are *cleaned*, then come to them by the way God has ordered you".

God certainly loves those who return repentant to Him,

And he loves those who purify themselves.

Free carnal union (in sexual positions) but the noble purpose of the carnal relationship is above all the procreation of believing children.

[2:223] Your women are a field for cultivation³⁶ to you.

So go to your field for cultivation as you want.

And send forth good deeds for yourselves. 3

Fear piously God

and know that you will meet Him.

Bring the good news to the truly believers.

[2:224] Ne faites pas de Dieu une excuse dans vos serments pour vous dispenser d'être bons, de craindre pieusement, ou de réconcilier les gens.3

Dieu est Audient, Sachant.

[2:225] Dieu ne vous fait pas grief pour les erreurs commisses dû au verbiage de vos serments, mais II vous fait grief pour ce qu'ont acquis vos coeurs.

Dieu est Recouvreur de fautes, Indulgent.

Before Marital Disunity: Helping first to reconcile couples

Prerequisites to Marital union:

Faith first

However, verses 224-225 have nevertheless a general scope. For example, there are several traditions that attribute this speech to the Prophet Muhammad: "If anyone takes a solemn oath [that he will do or refrain from doing this or that], and then realizes that another way would be more just, then let him do what is more just, break his oath, and then atone.

³⁶ Analogy in connection with the agricultural environment : to plow the land and sow the seeds for preparing life to come...

³⁷ Send your good deeds in advance for the day of resurrection. Producing children and training them to be righteous servants of God and good members of society is one of those good deeds.

³⁸ Historical context linked to the family's help in dealing with couples in difficulty: « Said al-Kalbi: "This was revealed about 'Abd Allah ibn Rawahah to warn him against boycotting the husband of his sister, Bashir ibn al-Nu'man. 'Abd Allah ibn Rawahah had sworn that he will never visit him, speak to him or reconcile between him and his sister. He said: 'I swore by Allah that I will not do any of these and it is forbidden for me not to honour my oath'. Allah then revealed this verse".

Notes

[1]

The fundamental core meaning of the triliteral root "hamza mīm nūn (أم أ)", which occurs 879 times in the Quran, is "Those who are in a internal process of **trusting-securing** in something or someone - process that should be reflected in our conduct"

[2]

[2:2] - Writing with a capital letter W to emphasize the holy character of this Writing. So we must understand this word as a "Holy Writing". Writing is the **symbol of knowledge and science**. This knowledge is from divine authority, that is why it is a **holy Writing**.

The word "dhālika" used here in this verse indicates a <u>remoteness</u> as it comes from heaven. This term also refers to what is <u>preceded</u>, the isolated letters "alif, laam, meem" which are the basic bricks of the writing. The Recitation aims to bring these letters together into a coherent whole (ethymology of the word Quran), so that it is understandable to their interlocutors. Finally, these letters constitute in themselves a source of knowledge ... which remains to be studied and elucidated! (To my knowledge Réda Kadri has initiated this research like some scholars of the Hebrew language - a sister Semitic language).

[3]

[2:3] i.e. Salat - "I-șalati".

We have chosen to translate this term by the general principle which is inherent in this root: "to connect two things so that they are in intimacy."

[24:58] O you who have believed, let those whom you possess by oath ask your permission, as well as those of yours who have not yet reached puberty, at three times: before **Salât al-Fajr**, when you **take off** your clothes at noon, as well as after **Salât al-`Isha**: three moments of **intimacy**.

> Connect with the Divine by striping of our ego.

Regarding our relationship to God, this general principle can take different forms or modalities of application, like in verse [2:173] where we are in the presence of two explicit examples:

- During "Sessions of Intimate connection (with God alone)":
 - o In context it is about receiving the word of God, that is, receiving information and pure energy.
- During the "Pilgrimage dedicated to God"
 - o In context, this is the walk between Safa and Marwa to ask from God's benefit.

One of the fundamental **purpose** of accomplishing Salat with God is to **receive from his Grace** (the root of the word Salat also covers the notions of mercy, blessing, kindness, indulgence ... a useful and beneficial connection).

- ***Complementary study for the in-depth understanding the concept of Salat:
- The Arabs of the Qur'an moment used the root of this word to designate "the second horse in the race which follows closely the first" (AL-MUSSALLI)
 - > Thus, from this word usage, we can extract two essential characteristics of the concept of Salat linked to the Divine entity:
 - o Connect to the divine in an intimate way
 - o Be withdrawn and be humble

In short, connecting to a higher principle (God alone in the Qur'an context).

- The Arabs of the Qur'an period also used the root of this word to designate two processes:
 - In connection with fire:
 - o "Heat over a fire to straighten and soften a green wooden stick"
 - o "Approach the fire, hold something in front of the fire to heat or roast".
 - In connection with the <u>back</u>:
 - o "Touch, hurt, hit someone on the back"
 - "Having a loose, soft and lowered part of the back (said of a mare close to give birth)"

- > Thus, from these words usages, we can extract two characteristic traits of people in connection with the concept of Salat:
 - Either the Salat is warming your heart by nourishing your faith and softening your behavior,
 - Either your heart is hard, and the correction of the fire will take care of softening it in order to redress
 it and set it straight.

[87: 9] So reminder, the reminder is useful (nafa 'ati).

[87:10] The reminder He will pay heed one who cares for its preservation,

[87:11] And will avoid it the wretched one.,

[87:12] The one who is burning (yaşlā) into the great Fire.

[2:74] Then after that your **hearts** hardened, like **stone** or even harder.

There are **stones** from which rivers flow, and others that split so that water may appear, and others who run down for fear of God. God is not ignorant of what you are doing.

[<u>4</u>]

[2:25] More precisely any act/deed taken that can be qualified as "good, upright, just, right, virtuous or honest; or suitable, or balanced / restoring the natural and harmonious order of things."

[5]

[2:30] - This passage underlines wonderfully the quality of benevolence-mercy of God towards the children of ADAM BEFORE the effective start of his mission as representative of God on earth. (passage [B] deals with the children of ADAM in the exercise of his mission of representative):

- 1) First act: the trust deposit
 - [33:72] We proposed the <u>deposit of trust</u> to the heavens, to the earth and to the mountains and then they refused to take charge of it and refrained from it, whereas Man took charge of it. <u>Man</u> is really very <u>unfair</u>, very <u>ignorant</u>.
- 2) Second act: divine indulgence by the breath of internal benefits inside Men
 - God learned the names / characteristics of beings
 - God breathed into Man his divine breath
- 3) Third act: divine indulgence by placing Man in a Garden of easy abundance and tranquility by limiting the constraints to just 1.
- 4) Fourth act: divine indulgence through external benefits for Men
 - Expelled from the Paradise Garden but on earth he will find rest and provision (he will lack nothing)
 - Expelled from the Paradise Garden but he will send guidance to Men

Logical *warning* at the end of the passage: if despite these 3 acts of Benevolence and the example of Adam (who repented), patriarch of humanity, Man continues to be deaf to the calls of divine goodness by showing himself ungrateful by the entirety of his being, then this will be the path to correction by fire.

[<u>6</u>]

[2:30] – « <u>qālū</u> ».

The reaction of the Angels is fundamentally different compared to that of Iblis.

The reaction of doubt of the Angels is based on the potential bad behavior of the Man whereas Iblis, in his refusal to submit to the divine order to bow down before adam, uses the vile argument of the comparison between the matter of which is made Adam and himself (judged by him superior), and the anteriority of his creation (primacy).

[<u>Z</u>]

[2:34] - « <u>us'judū</u>».

The Arabs used this root to refer to a tree that tilts towards the earth because it is loaded with fruit so much that the branches flex under the weight.

The word "sajada" refers to both an external dimension and an inner dimension:

- External dimension: lowering / tilting the head, being on the ground / depressed towards the ground, which leans towards the ground, looking at someone with downcast eyes
- Inner dimension: who humbles himself, who humbles himself, who submits, who humbles himself, shows reverence (respect or obedient listening)

The combination of these two dimensions is found when someone is in a humble posture.

<u>[8]</u>

[2:36] - « I-shaytān »: Satan in English is a proper-name-function.

- Its function designates "the tempting and evil furtive breath which never ceases to remove and disperse durably from the Mercy and benefactor matricial of our Sustainer Lord / of God".
- In the plural, this tempting and evil breath refers to satanic spirits or demons, which can be embodied by jinns (invisible spirits or geniuses and potentially source of inspiration and possession, which haunts desert spaces and hot in the imagination 7th century Arab, and organized in tribes / clans like humans), or Men (Cf. sura 114)
- On the other hand, in the singular, accompanied by the particle alif + lam of determination, refers exclusively to Iblis who becomes "the cursed Satan" after his fall until the day of Resurrection and beyond.

[9]

[2:43] - « zakat ».

Cf. [2:3] "... And of what we have provided for them, they spend generously".

Cf. [30:39] and the condemnation of the misuse of the principle of Riba "... to increase at the expense of people's property..", in opposition to the principle of Zakat.

In summary, an eminently positive term which indicates **improvement**, **well-being**.

[<u>10</u>]

[2:177] - « I-mashriqi wal-maghribi »: « the sunrise and sunset ».

- This expression, which comes up 3 times in each of the passages [E] [X] [E], seems to us to be an essential pivot for understanding the controversy about Qibla (we underlined it with the purple color).
- Allow me to repeat the explanation of the verse [2:115] by Sayyid Abul Ala Maududi in his book "Tafhim al-Qur'an", as it seems to me to be the most consistent with the literality of the text.:
- « That is, "Allah is not confined to any one direction, eastern or western, but is Master of all directions and places. If a particular direction is fixed for worship, it does not mean that Allah resides in that direction only. There is, therefore, **no need to enter into disputes** as **to why a certain direction and place has been fixed** instead of the other or why faces were at first turned towards a particular direction but now are being turned towards a different direction and a different place. "

Allah is neither limited nor narrow-minded nor short-sighted nor indigent, as they suppose He is. On the contrary, His Kingdom is boundless and so are His vision and generosity. He also knows which of His servants remembers Him and also where and when and with what intention.»

And the commentary of verse [2:177] by the same author:

- « In order to show the futility of excessive emphasis on external religious forms, it has been pointed out, as an instance, that there is no real virtue in the mere act of turning faces to the east or to the west in prayer.For the mere performance of some religious rites or formalities or show of piety is not real virtue which may have any importance or value with Allah. »
- Having said that, here is a summary of the chronology of the case:

- A [2:115] Recall of the insignificance of a Qibla for guidance (any direction is valid)
 - **X** [2:144] Divine choice of a **specific Qibla** for the community of Muhammed in connection with Abraham and the House Focal point for gathering people during salat sessions or pilgrimage
- A'- [2:177] Recall of the insignificance of a Qibla for guidance (any direction is valid).

[11]

[2:183] - « I-siyāmu » - Fasting / Abstinence.

- The arabic term <u>siyam</u> can be attached to the Arabic root *sama* which means *To keep a horse tied up, without eating or drinking, to harden it,* and *masam* refers to the place where the horse stands upright, where it is tied up. The second related notion is about *respite* through the following uses:
 - calm down, soften up (said of a wind or a heat)
 - reach midday at the hottest of the day because at that time we are resting
 - take the shade under the tree

I also refer you to the statements of the famous lexicologist <u>Ibn Faris</u>, on the uses of this root, and which comfirms our speech: https://www.haqeeqat.pk/roots/(853).htm.

<u>Siyam</u> is therefore an **expiatory fast** consisting in *abstaining from eating, drinking and trading in the flesh.* Feed for the body's vital functions is put to rest for a limited time.

Apart from the passage on Ramadan, the nominal form Siyam appears 6 other times in 5 different contexts:

- [2:196]: context of the *pilgrimage* it has the meaning of **compensation**, redemption in exchange for *not being able to do something considered normal*.
- [4:92] context of *unintentionally killed believer* it has the meaning of **repentance** if financial compensation cannot take place.
- [5:89] context of oath violated it has the meaning of atonement if financial compensation cannot take place.
- [5:95] context of *game killed in unauthorized period* it has the meaning of **compensation** if financial compensation cannot take place.
- [58:4] context of illicit repudiation of women it has the meaning of atonement for the wrong committed

Conclusion: this term appears clearly in the context of fault repair.

Hence my translation as "repairer fasting", a fast which offers a way out, a possible redemption from the faults committed.

- But, the arabic word <u>sawm</u> (form that appears only once in the Quran) is a vow of silence (fasting of speech), like the example of Mary in the sura which bears her name [19:27]. In fact, this kind of fasting corresponded to a Christian ascetic practice.

[12]

2:184] - "ayyāman maʿdūdātin" - a small number of days (between 3 and 10) OR a number of days counted-reckoned-numbered?

That is the question! According to the answer, two scenarios emerge... I will explain here in detail the second scenario to be able to compare the versions (even if it is less consistent with our synchronous approach to the text – the first scenario is highlighted in the body of the text).

Please also note that a <u>third scenario</u> could be examined by considering that there are two distinct types of fasts to be practiced; but it seems weak so it will ne be developed.

1. Linguistique et inter-textualité :

The word "ma' dūdātin" basically means "numbered and hence, by extension, few".

This plural form is particularly used to indicate a <u>plural of paucity</u> (low, little, small number), which many sholars believe to be between 3 and 10.

The Lane's Lexicon dictionary testifies to this particular use:

[meaning **Numbered, counted...**] is applied to any number, little or large; but مَعْدُودٌ **more particularly denotes few**; and so does every pl. formed by the addition of ا and تريُّهِمَاتٌ and دُريُّهِمَاتٌ and دُريُّهِمَاتٌ though it is **allowable** to use such a pl. to denote **muchness**.

Apart from the verse [2:184], the Quran uses this plural form in 4 other places (2:80; 2:203; 3:24; 12:20), and it explicitly expresses this plural of paucity:

- ✓ [12:20] "They sold it for a low price, a few of dirhams. They considered him to be of little value.
 - This plural of paucity is reinforced by the use of the words "bakhsin = weak" and "l-zāhidīna = something that one can do without or have no particular desire; hence find something small, trivial, with a little value.
- ✓ [2:80] and [3:24] "The fire will touch us only for a few days"
 - Belief that the Jewish purgatory is limited, in the worst case, to a few days the numbers 7 or 10 days are usually mentioned.
- ✓ [2:203] "Remember God for <u>a few</u> days; he who hastens in two days does not sin, and he who stays longer does not commit a fault."
 - 3 days.

Finally, to finish the demonstration, this plural of paucity, especially by the addition of 1 and $\dot{}$, is found in 1 other verse with another word (the number 7 is mentioned - between 3 and 10):

- ✓ [12:43] The king said: "I see seven fat cows eaten by seven thin ones, and seven ears (sunbulātin) green and others dry..."
- ✓ [2:261] The example of those who spend their goods in the way of God is like a seed that produces seven ears (sanābila) and in each ear is a hundred seeds ...

The translators have translated two identical roots which have a different plural form. Where does this difference in the use of the plural come from? As very often the textual context is the key:

- 1. in verse [12:43], we are in the presence of a **context of famine**; hence the use of a plural which accounts for this situation (some ...),
- 2. in verse [2:261] we are in the presence of a **context of abundance**; hence the use of a plural which bears the mark of this generosity (a lot ..).

Let us return to our verse [2:184], which is inserted in a subpart (verses 2:183-184), dedicated to the universality of fasting as a practice common to the various monotheistic traditions and, in context, with reference to the Jews (cf. book of *Torah* for the institutionalization of fasting as mortification or humiliation of the soul, which is also linked to the notion of rest: *Leviticus 16:29*, *Leviticus 16:31*, *Leviticus 23:27*, *Leviticus 23:32*, *Numbers 29:7*).

2. Second scenario: « a small number of days (between 3 and 10) »

By using the term "ma'dūdātin", the Qur'an universalizes this practice first to "low numbered days" (< 11) - The tradition evokes 3 days per month + the fasting of Ashura, at the beginning of community life in Medina. Thus the Quranic text, in its final version, bears witness to a specificity in the way it applies religious practices distinct from those of the Jews of Medina; as in the case of the Qibla for prayer in (2:143). We are thus witnessing the establishment of the lineaments of a new community attached to the Quranic messenger, which is intended to be both in continuity with previous monotheistic communities, and in "specificity/break" in the observance of certain religious obligations.

1. Fasting = between continuity (2:183-184) and specificity (2:185) particular to the Quranic messenger community

Prescription of the fasting continuously

[2:183] O you who had faith! Is prescribed for you [the] repairer fasting as was prescribed to those from before you, So that you may preserve yourself.

[2:184] A low number of days counted.

Fasting discontinious

But whoever is among you sick or in distancing, then a prescribed number of other days.

No fasting in the strict sense

And on those who can afford it although unwillingly, a redemption (of) feeding a poor.³⁹ And whoever volunteers good then it (is) better for him.

And doing a **repairer fasting** is better for you, if you know!.

Fasting Encouragement

Good -> feeding (a) poor(s)

Prescription of the fasting continuously

[2:185] Lunar Month (of) Ramadhaan is that was revealed therein the Quran,

Guidance for mankind

and clear proofs of [the] Guidance

and the Criterion

So whoever among you has been present this *lunar month* will **fast** during it.

Fasting discontinious

And whoever is sick or on a journey then prescribed *number* from other days.

Intends God for you [the] ease

and not intends for you [the] hardship,

so that you complete the prescribed number,

No fasting in the

strict sense

and that you magnify God for [what] He guided you for the purpose of you may (be) grateful.

[2:186] And when ask you My servants about Me, then indeed I am near.

I welcome (to the) invocation (of) the supplicant when he calls Me. So let them welcome Me

and let them true believe in Me, for the purpose of they may (be) led aright.

Good -> Gratitude to God

Encouragement to respond to the call of the Quran

2. The question of sexual Intercourse and daily moment of the fasting

[2:187] Permitted for you the *night* of the **repairer fasting** the *physical approach* to your wives.

They (are) garments for you and you (are) garments for them.

Knows God that you used to deceive yourselves,

So He turned towards you and He forgave [on] you.

So now have *rejoicing* with them

Permission of sexual intercourse some part of the night

³⁹ This part no longer appears in verse [2:185]. Thus, the Qur'an teaches us here an important lesson in managing change: the importance of progressiveness and indulgence in getting used to new rules, even if it is good for us and we may not necessarily perceive it.

⁴⁰ The beginning of the month is determined by observing the first trickle of the moon after the previous month's moon has disappeared, i.e. the new moon.

Start at *nautical dawn*-> dusk

Seek what has **prescribed** God for you.

Eat and drink until becomes distinct to you the thread [the] white from the thread [the] black of [the] dawn.41

Then practice without interruption the <u>fast</u> till entering the night.

And (do) not have relations with them while you (are) fixed in the cult places.

These (are the) limits (set by) God, so (do) not approach them.

hus makes clear God His verses for [the] people so that they do their best to *preserve* themselves⁴²

Non-permission of sexual intercourse in case of spiritual retreat

3. Conclusion: "Conciliation".

The two scenarios are not irreconcilable, quite the contrary! Just conciliation is better than opposition and division. This is at least the point of view defended here.

One can safely make the plausible hypothesis that verses (2:183-184) **preceding** the verse (2:185). Thus, the expression "ayyāman ma dūdātin" first took the meaning of "few days (between 3 and 10)", and then took the meaning of "number counted" in relation to the number of days in the month of Ramadhan. Since **the form** "ma dūdātin" allows for both interpretations, it was not useful to change the textual revelation as it stood.

[13]

[2:185] - The first remark about this verse is that the **main subject**, point and purpose of the verse is the first wording of the verse so it is the "**month of Ramadan**".

The second thing to emphasize is that the word Ramadan comes from Ramad which means "intense heat". So the lunar month of Ramadan is the lunar month of intense heat. And at this time of year the Arabs were hoping that the rain would come and relieve them of the scorching sun and the heat stored in the ground. The descent of the Qur'an which softens souls is like the long-awaited and hoped-for rain which softens thirsty bodies. A symbolic image that was to speak to the hearts of Arabs at the time of the Quran.

This month was to be the last month of summer. In a **luni-solar calendar**, it was expected to fall on **average between mid-August and mid-September**. Summer trailers often left early in the summer** to avoid travel as much as possible in this painful and uncomfortable month. It was also before the start of the open air markets and the fall season of pilgrimages. In short, **a month of inactivity, calm and rest**, well sheltered from the overwhelming heat of the sun; and therefore conducive to a fast. It is for this reason that if ever they were away from their home (on a caravan trip), at the start of the month of Ramadan (knowing that depending on the year this month could vary slightly), then the Quran allows them to be able to make up for those missing days later. This relief also intervenes in case of temporary illnesses.

Thus, practicing fasting is in the same time:

- 1. to be in good health, and conversely not to be sick,
- 2. to be in a state of stase/stationnary state, and conversely not to be far from his home.

In brief, a period of relative inactivity conducive to supporting the fast and focusing on God and his message.

** Verse [106:2] - "I-ṣayfi" = summer, more precisely designates the season immediately following spring, and not the hotter and more advanced summer.

[14]

[2:190] Here is the historian Jacqueline Chabbi's comment on this verse and of what it reveals about the original environment in which Muhammad was born :

"Qitâl - "Fight those who fight you but do not be transgressors".

It can be said that in the whole corpus concerning action in the Qur'an, it is this verse of 2,190 that best defines the rule that applied in the 7th century in tribal society, that of the Qur'an. As for the act of killing, it was a reply, following a betrayal as in 4:89 and again with the exception of having to respect a covenant as in 4:90.

This simply means that, in this society of the past, staying alive counted more than anything else. Killing was the last resort. Whenever possible, compromise and negotiation were favored.

So those who today cling to the first words of verse 9:5 to believe that they are authorized to "kill the unbelievers" and consider it a timeless religious duty would do well to learn to read and contextualize. "(<u>Link</u>).

⁴¹ The <u>nautical</u> dawn (12° angle).

⁴² Fasting is a limited physical abstinence which ultimately aims to repair our soul and to be hungry and thirsty for God, for his Mercy and for his Guidance.